

Product Specification

SPECIFICATION FOR APPROVAL



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- () Preliminary Specification
() Final Specification

Title	55.0" WUXGA TFT LCD
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BUYER	General
MODEL	

SUPPLIER	LG.Philips LCD Co., Ltd.
*MODEL	LC550W01
SUFFIX	A5K1

*When you obtain standard approval,
please use the above model name without suffix

APPROVED BY	SIGNATURE	DATE
/		
/		
/		

Please return 1 copy for your confirmation with
your signature and comments.

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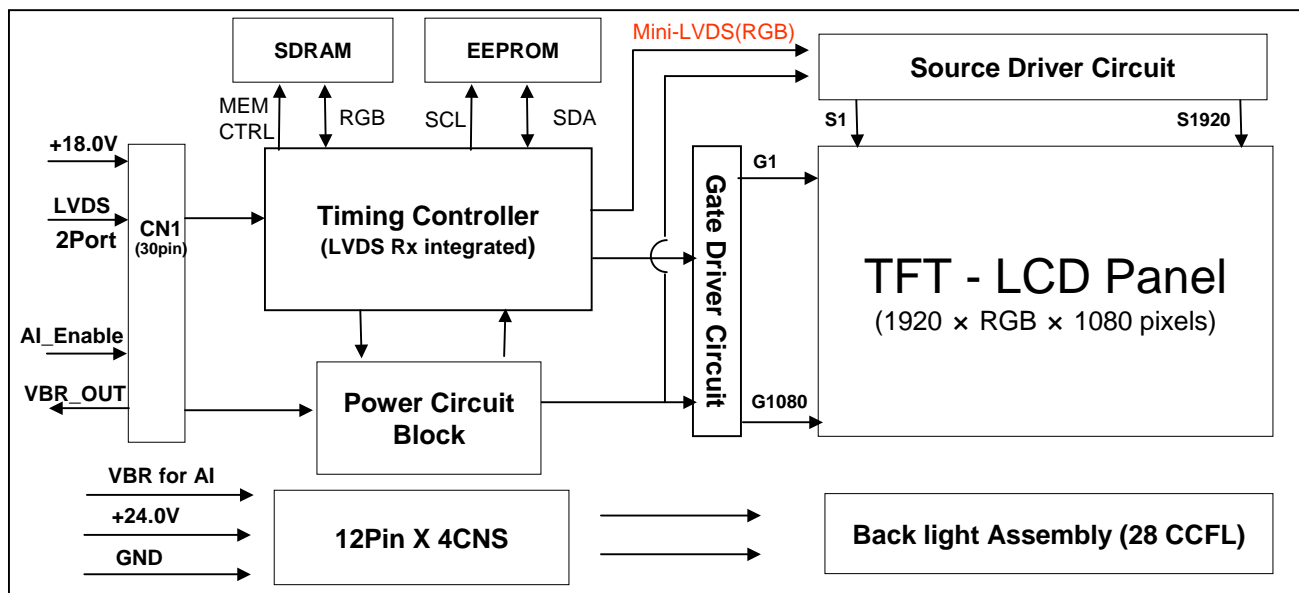
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1. General Description

The LC550W01 is a Color Active Matrix Liquid Crystal Display with an integral Cold Cathode Fluorescent Lamp(CCFL) backlight system. The matrix employs a-Si Thin Film Transistor as the active element. It is a transmissive display type which is operating in the normally black mode. It has a 54.64 inch diagonally measured active display area with WUXGA resolution (1080 vertical by 1920 horizontal pixel array). Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arrayed in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the luminance of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 8-bit gray scale signal for each dot. Therefore, it can present a palette of more than 16.7M(true) colors.

It has been designed to apply the 8-bit 2-port LVDS interface.

It is intended to support LCD TV, PCTV where high brightness, super wide viewing angle, high color gamut, high color depth and fast response time are important.



General Features

Active Screen Size	54.64 inches(1387.86mm) diagonal
Outline Dimension	1264.0(H) x 738.4 (V) x 49.8 mm(D) (Typ.)
Pixel Pitch	0.630 mm x 0.630 mm
Pixel Format	1920 horiz. by 1080 vert. Pixels, RGB stripe arrangement
Color Depth	8-bit, 16.7 M colors
Luminance, White	500 cd/m ² (Center 1point ,Typ.)
Viewing Angle (CR>10)	Viewing angle free (R/L 176 (Typ.), U/D 176 (Typ.))
Power Consumption	Total 265.86 W (Typ.) (Logic=13.86 W, Inverter=252 W [I _{BL} =6.5mA])
Weight	30K g (Typ.)
Display Mode	Transmissive mode, Normally black
Surface Treatment	Hard coating(3H), Anti-glare treatment of the front polarizer

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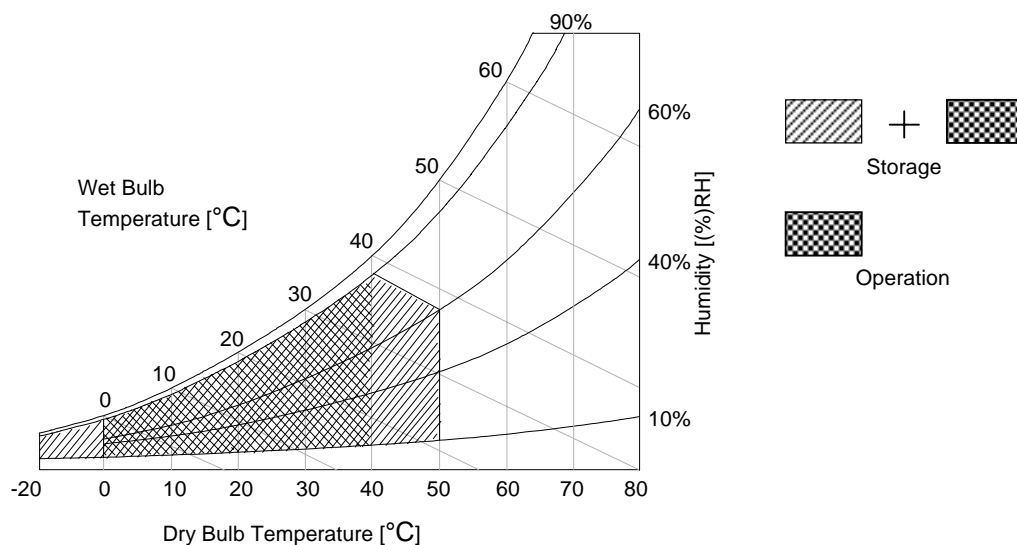
2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

The following items are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the LCD module.

Table 1. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter		Symbol	Value		Unit	Remark
			Min	Max		
Power Input Voltage	LCM	VLCD	-0.3	+19.8	V _{DC}	at 25 ± 2 °C
	Backlight inverter	VBL	21.6	+27.0	V _{DC}	
ON/OFF Control Voltage		VON/OFF	-0.3	+5.25	V _{DC}	
Brightness Control Voltage		VBr	0	+3.3	V _{DC}	
Operating Temperature		T _{OP}	0	+40	°C	Note 1
Storage Temperature		T _{ST}	-20	+50	°C	
Operating Ambient Humidity		H _{OP}	10	90	%RH	
Storage Humidity		H _{ST}	10	90	%RH	

Note : 1. Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below.
Wet bulb temperature should be 39 °C Max. and no condensation of water.



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3. Electrical Specifications

3-1. Electrical Characteristics

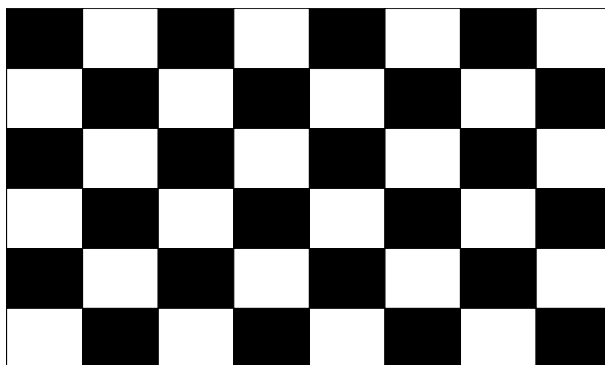
It requires two power inputs. One is employed to power for the LCD circuit. The other is used for the CCFL backlight and inverter circuit.

Table 2. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Parameter	Symbol	Value			Unit	Note
		Min	Typ	Max		
Circuit :						
Power Input Voltage	VLCD	17.0	18.0	19.0	VDC	
Power Input Current	ILCD	539	770	1001	mA	1
		735	1050	1365	mA	2
Power Consumption	PLCD	9.7	13.86	18.02	Watt	1
Rush current	IRUSH	-	-	3.0	A	3

Note : 1. The specified current and power consumption are under the $V_{LCD}=18.0V$, $25 \pm 2^{\circ}C$, $f_v=60Hz$ condition whereas mosaic pattern(8 x 6) is displayed and f_v is the frame frequency.
 2. The current is specified at the maximum current pattern.
 3. The duration of rush current is about 2ms and rising time of power input is 1ms (min.).

White : 255Gray
Black : 0Gray



Mosaic Pattern(8 x 6)

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Table 2. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Continue)

Parameter			Symbol	Value			Unit	Note
				Min	Typ	Max		
Inverter :								
Power Input Voltage			VBL	22.8	24.0	25.2	VDC	1
Power Input Current			IBL	9.0	10.5	12	A	1
Power Consumption			PBL	214	252	290	W	1
Input Voltage for Control System Signals	Brightness Adjust		VBR	0		3.3	VDC	2
	On/Off	On	V on	3.5	5.0	5.25	VDC	
		Off	V off	-0.3	0.0	0.8	VDC	
Lamp :								
Life Time				50,000			Hrs	3

Notes :

- Electrical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 120Min at $25 \pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$
The specified current and power consumption are under the typical supply Input voltage, it is total power consumption.
The ripple voltage of the power supply input voltage is under 0.5 Vp-p.
- Brightness Control.
This VBR Voltage control brightness.

VBR Voltage	Function
3.3V	Maximum Brightness (100%)
0V	Minimum Brightness.(30~40%)

- The life is determined as the time at which luminance of the lamp is 50% compared to that of initial value at the typical lamp current on condition of continuous operating at $25 \pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$.
Specified value is when lamp is aligned horizontally.

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3-2. Interface Connections

This LCD module employs two kinds of interface connection, a 30-pin connector is used for the module electronics and four 12-pin connectors are used for the integral backlight system.

3-2-1. LCD Module

- LCD Connector(CN1): FI-XL30SSL-HF(manufactured by JAE) or equivalent
- Mating Connector : FI-30C2L(JAE) or compatible

Table 3. MODULE CONNECTOR(CN1) PIN CONFIGURATION

Pin	Signal assignment	Pin	Signal assignment
1	GND	16	SECOND CHANNEL 0+
2	VBR_OUT	17	SECOND CHANNEL 1-
3	AI_Enable	18	SECOND CHANNEL 1+
4	GND	19	SECOND CHANNEL 2-
5	FIRST CHANNEL 0-	20	SECOND CHANNEL 2+
6	FIRST CHANNEL 0+	21	SECOND CLOCK CHANNEL C-
7	FIRST CHANNEL 1-	22	SECOND CLOCK CHANNEL C+
8	FIRST CHANNEL 1+	23	SECOND CHANNEL 3-
9	FIRST CHANNEL 2-	24	SECOND CHANNEL 3+
10	FIRST CHANNEL 2+	25	GND
11	FIRST CLOCK CHANNEL C-	26	GND
12	FIRST CLOCK CHANNEL C+	27	GND
13	FIRST CHANNEL 3-	28	V _{LCD} (18V)
14	FIRST CHANNEL 3+	29	V _{LCD} (18V)
15	SECOND CHANNEL 0-	30	V _{LCD} (18V)



Rear view of LCM

- Note :
1. All GND(ground) pins should be connected together to the LCD module's metal frame.
 2. All V_{LCD} (power input) pins should be connected together.
 3. All Input levels of LVDS signals are based on the IEA 664 Standard.

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Table 4. Required signal assignment for Flat Link (TI:SN75LVDS83) Transmitter

Pin	Pin Name	Require Signal	Pin	Pin Name	Require Signal
1	VCC	Power Supply for TTL Input	29	GND	Ground pin for TTL
2	D5	TTL Input(R7)	30	D26	TTL Input(DE)
3	D6	TTL Input(R5)	31	TxCLKIN	TTL Level clock Input
4	D7	TTL Input(G0)	32	PWR DWN	Power Down Input
5	GND	Ground pin for TTL	33	PLL GND	Ground pin for PLL
6	D8	TTL Input(G1)	34	PLL VCC	Power Supply for PLL
7	D9	TTL Input(G2)	35	PLL GND	Ground pin for PLL
8	D10	TTL Input(G6)	36	LVDS GND	Ground pin for LVDS
9	VCC	Power Supply for TTL Input	37	TxOUT3+	Positive LVDS differential data output3
10	D11	TTL Input(G7)	38	TxOUT3-	Negative LVDS differential data output3
11	D12	TTL Input(G3)	39	TxCLKOUT+	Positive LVDS differential clock output
12	D13	TTL Input(G4)	40	TxCLKOUT-	Negative LVDS differential clock output
13	GND	Ground pin for TTL	41	TxOUT2+	Positive LVDS differential data output2
14	D14	TTL Input(G5)	42	TxOUT2-	Negative LVDS differential data output2
15	D15	TTL Input(B0)	43	LVDS GND	Ground pin for LVDS
16	D16	TTL Input(B6)	44	LVDS VCC	Power Supply for LVDS
17	VCC	Power Supply for TTL Input	45	TxOUT1+	Positive LVDS differential data output1
18	D17	TTL Input(B7)	46	TxOUT1-	Negative LVDS differential data output1
19	D18	TTL Input(B1)	47	TxOUT0+	Positive LVDS differential data output0
20	D19	TTL Input(B2)	48	TxOUT0-	Negative LVDS differential data output0
21	GND	Ground pin for TTL Input	49	LVDS GND	Ground pin for TTL
22	D20	TTL Input(B3)	50	D27	TTL Input(R6)
23	D21	TTL Input(B4)	51	D0	TTL Input(R0)
24	D22	TTL Input(B5)	52	D1	TTL Input(R1)
25	D23	TTL Input(RSVD)	53	GND	Ground pin for TTL
26	VCC	Power Supply for TTL Input	54	D2	TTL Input(R2)
27	D24	TTL Input(HSYNC)	55	D3	TTL Input(R3)
28	D25	TTL Input(VSYNC)	56	D4	TTL Input(R4)

Notes : 1. Refer to LVDS Transmitter Data Sheet for detail descriptions.

2. 7 means MSB and 0 means LSB at R,G,B pixel data

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3-2-2. Backlight Inverter

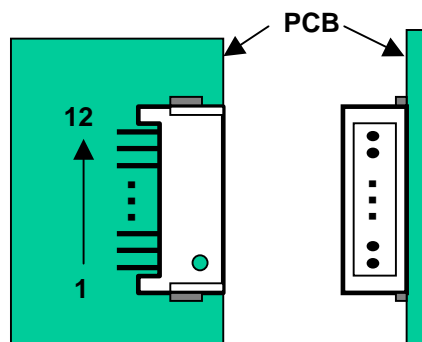
- Inverter Connector : S12B-PH-SM3(manufactured by JST) or Equivalent
- Mating Connector : PHR-12 or Equivalent

Table 5. INVERTER CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION

Pin	Symbol	Signal assignment	Notes
1	VBL	24V Power Input	
2	VBL	24V Power Input	
3	VBL	24V Power Input	
4	VBL	24V Power Input	
5	VBL	24V Power Input	
6	GND	GROUND	1
7	GND	GROUND	
8	GND	GROUND	
9	GND	GROUND	
10	GND	GROUND	
11	VBR	0 ~ 3.3V, BRIGHT CONTROL	2
12	On/Off	0 ~ 5V, ON/OFF CONTROL	3

1. Connector

- 1) Connector(Receptacle)
: S12B-PH-SM3-TB (JST) or equivalent
- 2) Mating Connector(Plug)
: PHR12 or its equivalent



Rear view of LCM

Note : 1. GND should be connected to the LCD module's metal frame.

2. Minimum Brightness : $V_{BR} = 0.0V$
Maximum Brightness : $V_{BR} = 3.3V$

3. V_{ON} : 3.5 ~ 5.0V
 V_{OFF} : 0.0 ~ 0.5V

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3-3. Signal Timing Specifications

Table 6 shows the signal timing required at the input of the LVDS transmitter. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specification for normal operation.

Table 6. TIMMING TABLE

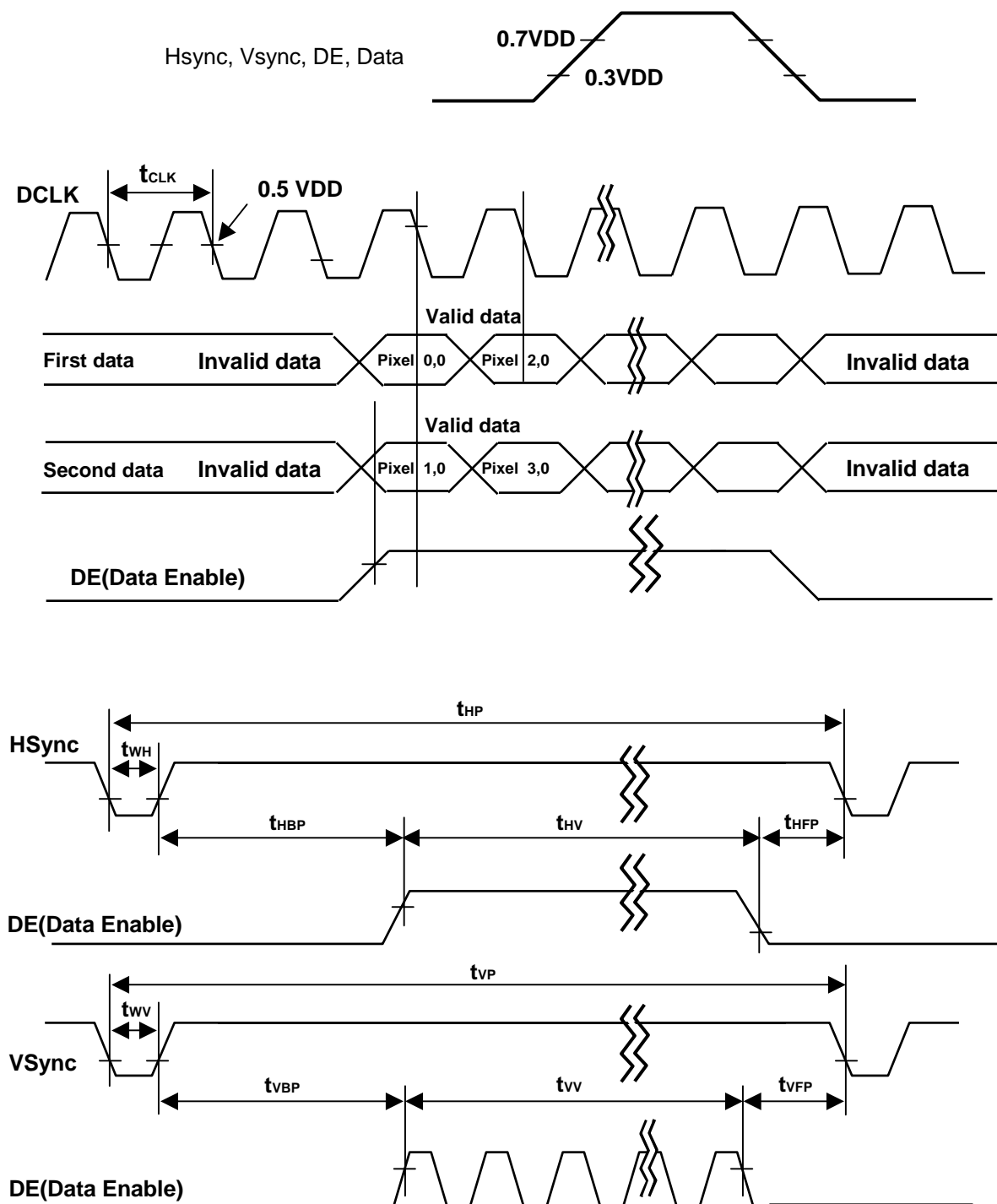
ITEM		SYMBOL	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Notes
Clock	Period	t_{CLK}	12.98	13.47	14.29	ns	
	Frequency	f_{CLK}	70	74.25	77	MHz	=148.5 / 2 (Dual)
Hsync	Horizontal total	t_{HT}	1060	1100	1280	Pixel	
	Horizontal period	t_{HP}	-	14.81	-	usec	
	Hsync frequency	f_H	-	67.5	-	KHz	
	Hsync width	t_{WH}	8	30	-	Pixel	
Vsync	Vertical total	t_{VT}	1091	1125	1149	Line	
	Vertical period	t_{VP}	-	16.67	-	msec	
	Vsync frequency	f_V	57	60	63	Hz	
	Vsync width	t_{WV}	2	5	-	Line	
DE	Horizontal valid	t_{HV}	960	960	960	Pixel	
	Horizontal back porch	t_{HBP}	8	96	-		
	Horizontal front porch	t_{HFP}	8	14	-		
	Horizontal blank	-	100	140	-		
	Vertical valid	t_{VV}	1080	1080	1080	Line	
	Vertical back porch	t_{VBP}	4	36	-		
	Vertical front porch	t_{VFP}	2	4	-		
	Vertical blank	-	11	45	-		

Note : Both Hsync Period and Hsync Width should be even number times of t_{CLK} . Otherwise, display control signal can be asynchronous. Besides theses, Hsync, Vsync and DE(Data Enable) signals should be used.

1. The performance of the electro-optical characteristics may be influenced by variance of the vertical refresh rate.
2. Not only Vsync but Hsync have to keep the above mentioned timing specification.

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3-4. Signal Timing Waveforms



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3-5. Color Data Reference

The brightness of each primary color(red,green,blue) is based on the 8-bit gray scale data input for the color. The higher binary input, the brighter the color. Table 7 provides a reference for color versus data input.

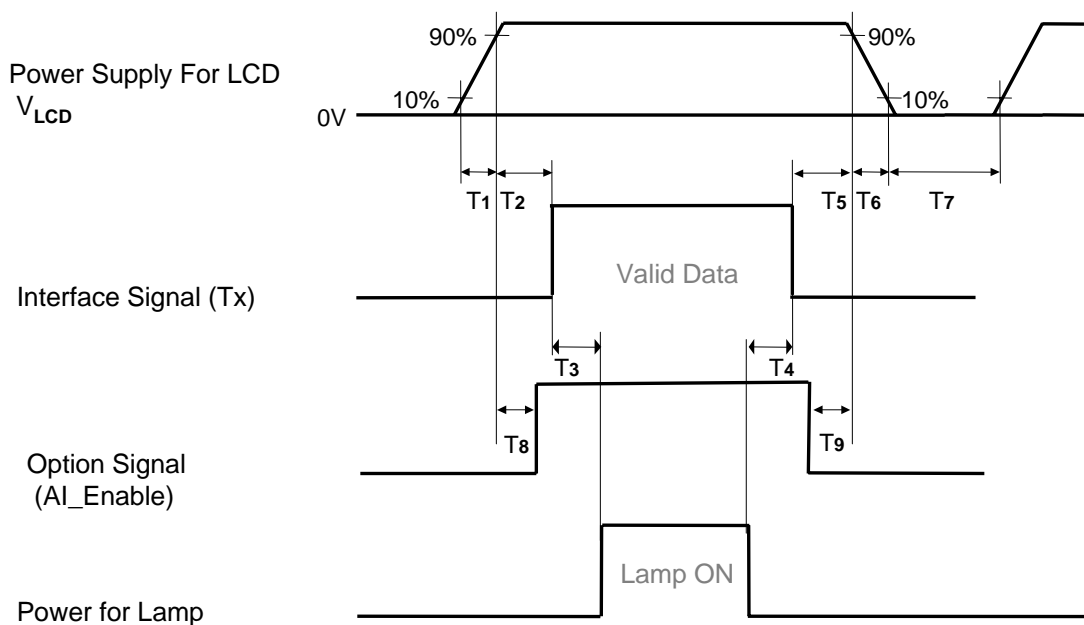
Table7. COLOR DATA REFERENCE

Color		Input Color Data																							
		RED								GREEN								BLUE							
		MSB				LSB				MSB				LSB				MSB				LSB			
		R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0
Basic Color	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red (255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green (255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue (255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
RED	RED (000) Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
							
	RED (254)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN	GREEN (000) Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
							
	GREEN (254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BLUE	BLUE (000) Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
							
	BLUE (254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	BLUE (255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

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3-6. Power Sequence

3-6-1. LCD Driving circuit

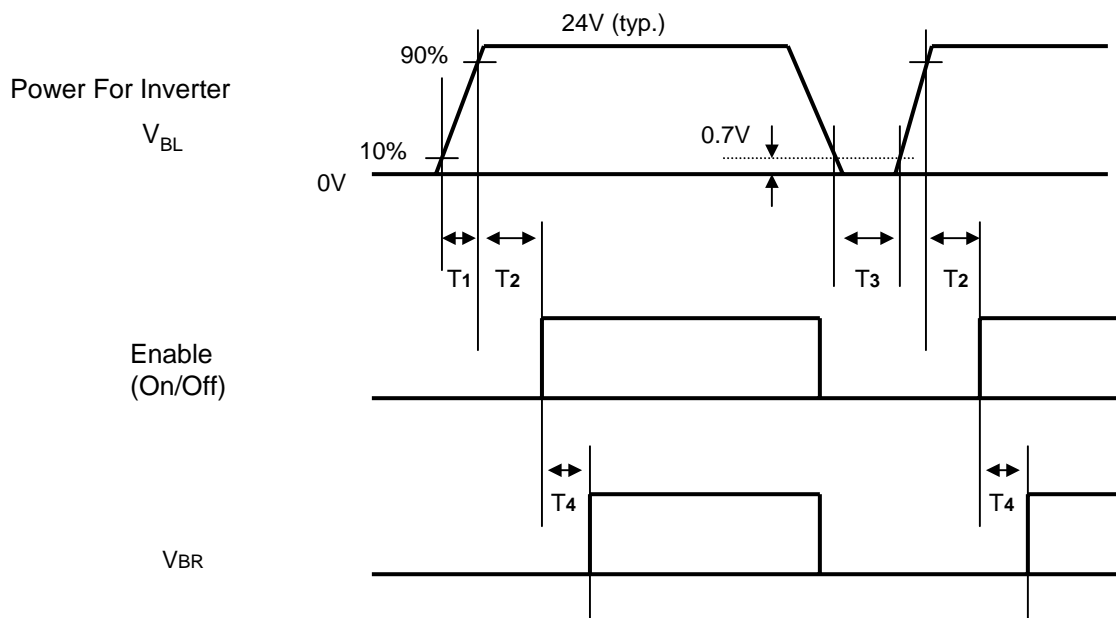

Table 8. POWER SEQUENCE

Parameter	Value			Unit
	Min	Typ	Max	
T1	0.5	-	20	ms
T2	0.5	-	50	ms
T3	200	-	-	ms
T4	200	-	-	ms
T5	0.5	-	50	ms
T6	-	-	300	ms
T7	2.0	-	-	s
T8	0 < T8 < T2			ms
T9	0 < T9 < T5			ms

- Note :
1. Please avoid floating state of interface signal at invalid period.
 2. When the interface signal is invalid, be sure to pull down the power supply V_{LCD} to 0V.
 3. Flicker would come out when power on-off(T7=under 2s) is tested over several ten-times.
 4. The case when the T2/T5 exceed maximum specification, it operates protection pattern(Black pattern) till valid signal inputted. There is no reliability problem.
 5. The T3/T4 is recommended value, the case when failed to meet a minimum specification, abnormal display would be shown. There is no reliability problem.

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3-6-2. On/Off for Inverter



3-6-3. Deep condition for Inverter

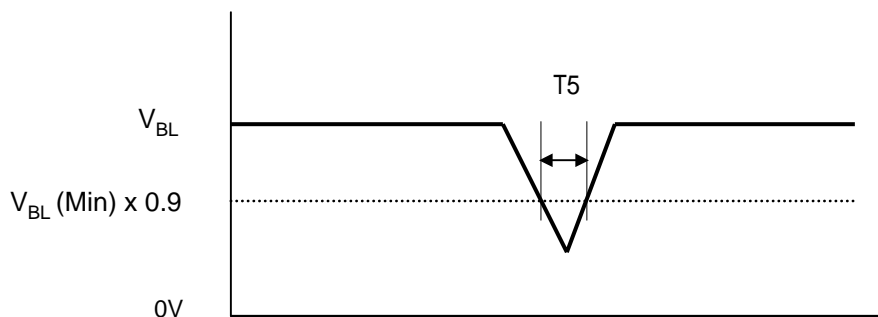


Table 9. POWER SEQUENCE FOR INVERTER

Parameter	Value			Unit	Remark
	Min	Typ	Max		
T1	20	-	-	ms	After Inverter's connected
T2	500	-	-	ms	
T3	200	-	-	ms	
T4	0	-	-	ms	
T5	-	-	10	ms	$V_{BL}(\text{Min}) \times 0.9$

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4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 2 Hrs in a dark environment at $25 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$. The specified optical values are measured at an approximate 50cm distance from the LCD surface on condition that viewing angle of Φ and θ equal to 0° .

FIG. 1 shows additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.

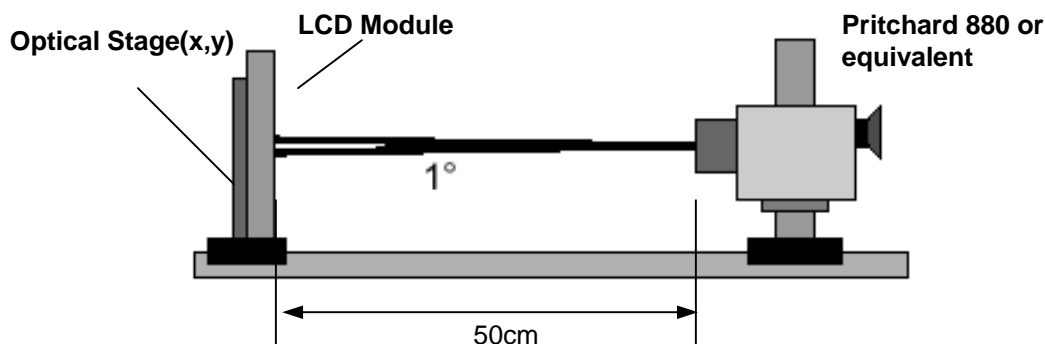


FIG. 1 Optical Characteristic Measurement Equipment and Method

Table 10. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

$T_a = 25 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{\text{LCD}} = 18.0\text{V}$, $f_v = 60\text{Hz}$, $D_{\text{clk}} = 148.5\text{MHz}$, $V_{\text{BR}} = 3.3\text{V}$

Parameter		Symbol		Value			Unit	Note
				Min	Typ	Max		
Contrast Ratio		CR		400	550			1
		CR with AI		800	1200			
Surface Luminance, white		L _{WH}		400	500		cd/m ²	2
Luminance Variation		δ _{WHITE}	5P			1.3		3
Response Time (Gray-to-Gray)	Rise Time	Tr _R		-	10	16	ms	4
	Decay Time	Tr _D		-	10	16		
Color Coordinates [CIE1931]	RED	Rx		Typ -0.03	0.640	Typ +0.03		
		Ry			0.342			
	GREEN	Gx			0.285			
		Gy			0.607			
	BLUE	Bx			0.147			
		By			0.065			
	WHITE	Wx			0.284			
		Wy			0.295			
Viewing Angle (CR>10)								
	x axis, right(φ=0°)	θr		85	88	-	degree	5
	x axis, left (φ=180°)	θl		85	88	-		
	y axis, up (φ=90°)	θu		85	88	-		
	y axis, down (φ=270°)	θd		85	88	-		
Gray Scale		Without AI						6
		With AI						

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Note :

1. Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as :

$$\text{Contrast Ratio} = \frac{\text{Surface Luminance with all white pixels}}{\text{Surface Luminance with all black pixels}}$$

Measure Position : Center 1-point.

2. Surface Luminance(L_{WH}) is the luminance value measured at an approximate 50cm distance from the center 1-point of LCD surface as all pixels displaying white. See FIG. 2 for more information.

3. The variation of surface luminance , δ WHITE is defined as :

$$\delta \text{ WHITE}(5P) = \text{Maximum}(L_{on1}, L_{on2}, L_{on3}, L_{on4}, L_{on5}) / \text{Minimum}(L_{on1}, L_{on2}, L_{on3}, L_{on4}, L_{on5})$$

Where L_{on1} to L_{on5} are the luminance with all pixels displaying white at 5 locations .
For more information, see the FIG. 2.

4. Response time is defined as the required time for the transition from G(N) to G(M) (Rise Time, Tr_R) and from G(M) to G(N) (Decay Time, Tr_D). For additional information see the FIG. 3. ($N < M$)
5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD module surface. For more information, see the FIG. 4.

6. See Table 11 for gray scale specification

Table 11. GRAY SCALE SPECIFICATION

Gray Level	Luminance [%] (Typ.)	Luminance [%] (Typ.) with AI
L0	0.17	0.08
L15	0.55	0.23
L31	0.94	0.68
L47	2.20	1.55
L63	4.21	3.16
L79	7.39	5.78
L95	11.58	9.32
L111	16.57	13.62
L127	22.36	19.32
L143	30.14	27.27
L159	39.72	38.45
L175	50.50	51.33
L191	61.48	62.50
L207	73.25	73.48
L223	84.63	84.66
L239	94.01	93.56
L255	100	100

Product Specification

Measuring point for surface luminance & measuring point for luminance variation.

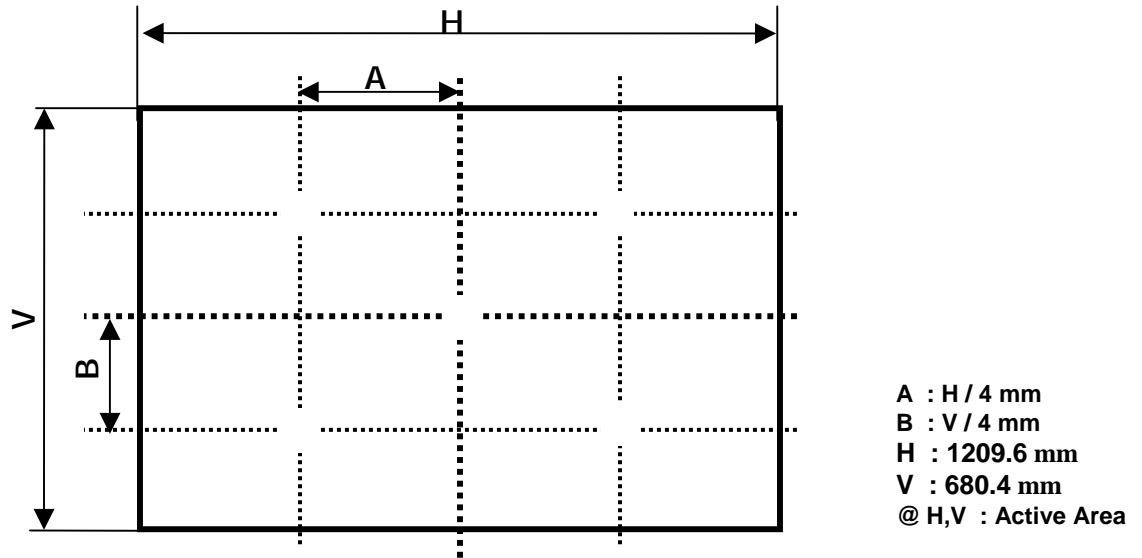


FIG. 2 5 Points for Luminance Measure

Response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "Gray(N)" and "Gray(M)".

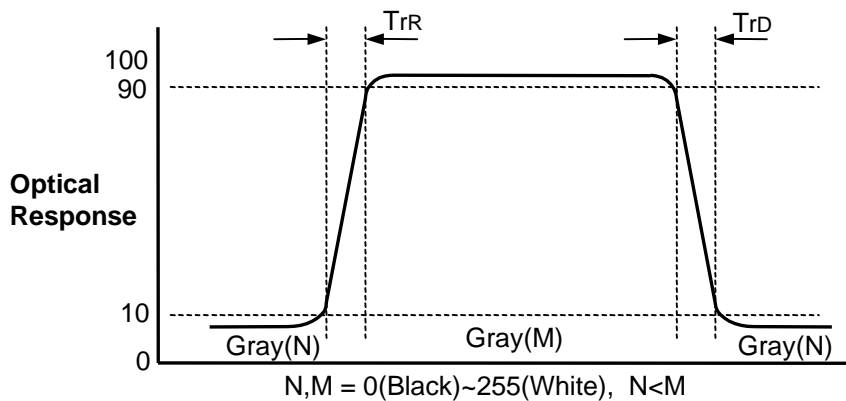


FIG. 3 Response Time

Product Specification

Dimension of viewing angle range

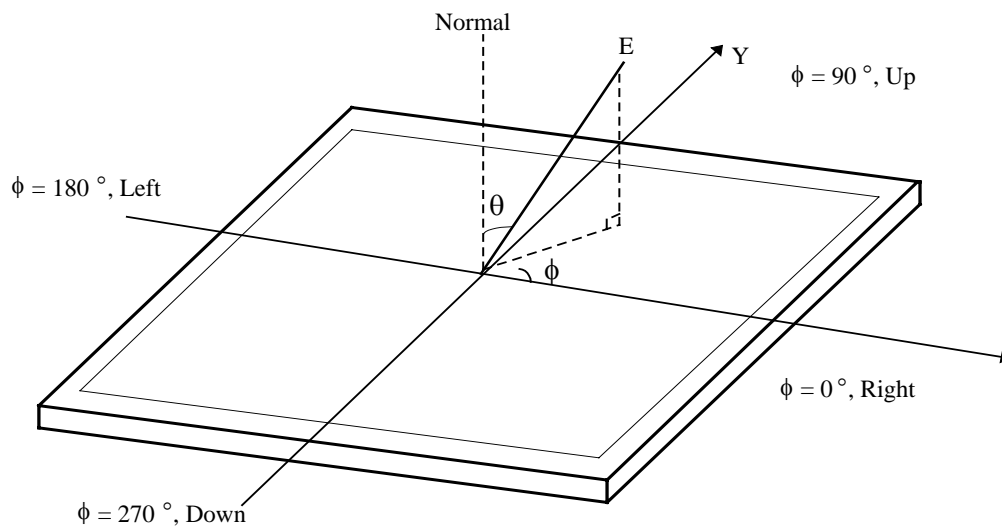


FIG. 4 Viewing Angle

Product Specification

5. Mechanical Characteristics

Table 12 provides general mechanical characteristics.

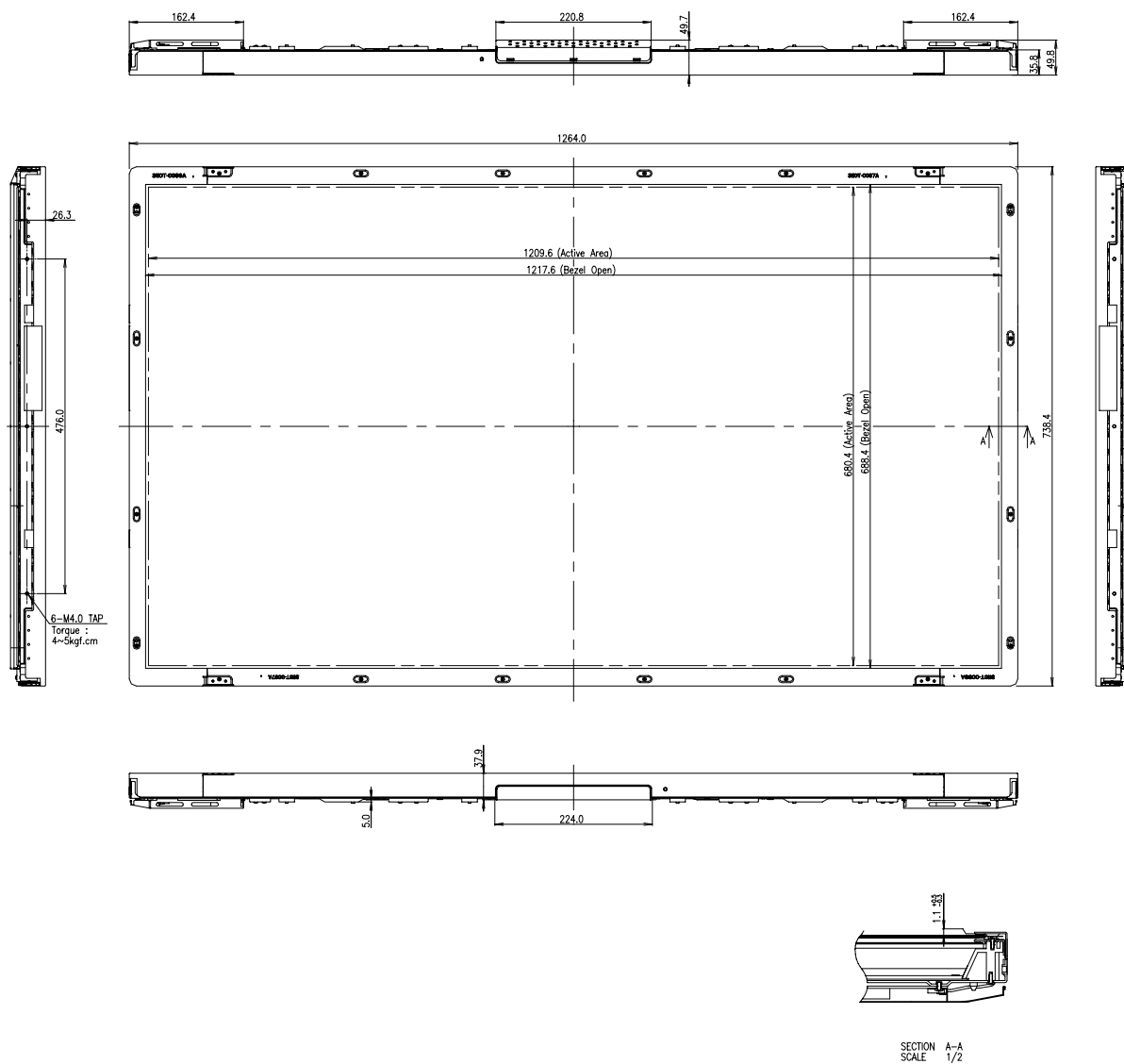
Table 12. MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Item	Value	
Outline Dimension	Horizontal	1264.0 mm
	Vertical	738.4 mm
	Depth	49.8 mm
Bezel Area	Horizontal	1217.6 mm
	Vertical	688.4 mm
Active Display Area	Horizontal	1209.6 mm
	Vertical	680.4 mm
Weight	30Kg (Typ.), 31.5Kg (Max.)	
Surface Treatment	Hard coating(3H) Anti-glare treatment of the front polarizer	

Note : Please refer to page21 and 22 for mechanic drawings in terms of tolerance.

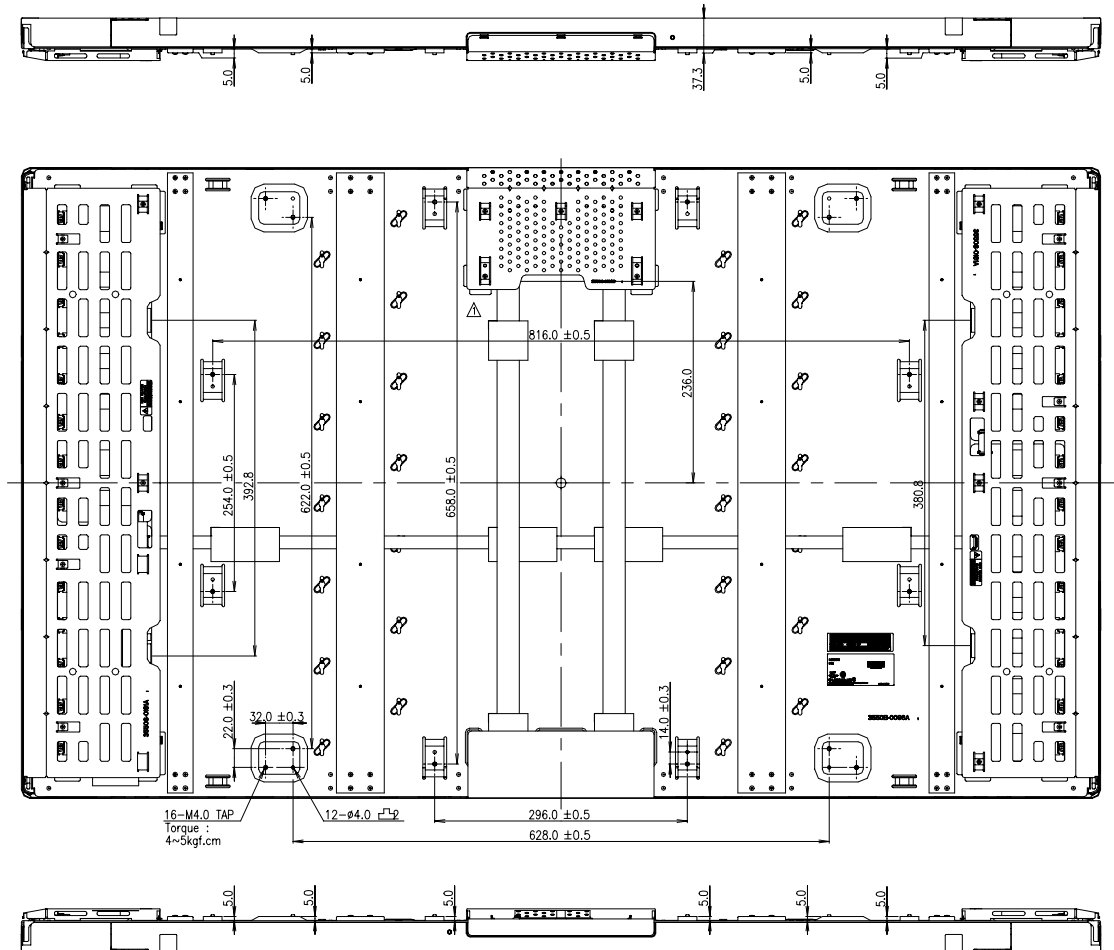
Product Specification

<FRONT VIEW>



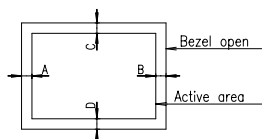
Product Specification

<REAR VIEW>



NOTES

1. Unspecified tolerances are to be $\pm 1.0\text{mm}$.
2. The length of mounting screw is MAX 5.5mm.
3. Tilt and partial disposition tolerance of display area are as following.
 - (1) X-Direction : IA-BI 1.5mm
 - (2) Y-Direction : IC-DI 1.5mm



Product Specification

6. Reliability

Table 13. ENVIRONMENT TEST CONDITION

No.	Test Item	Condition
1	High temperature storage test	Ta= 50°C 240h
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta= -20°C 240h
3	High temperature operation test	Ta= 40°C 50%RH 240h
4	Low temperature operation test	Ta= 0°C 240h
5	Vibration test (non-operating)	Wave form : random Vibration level : 1.0G RMS Bandwidth : 10-500Hz Duration : X,Y,Z, 10 min One time each direction
6	Shock test (non-operating)	Shock level : 40G Waveform : half sine wave, 2ms Direction : $\pm X$, $\pm Y$, $\pm Z$ One time each direction
7	Humidity condition Operation	Ta= 40 °C, 90%RH
8	Altitude operating storage / shipment	0 - 14,000 feet(4267.2m) 0 - 40,000 feet(12192m)

7. International standards

7-1. Safety

- a) UL 60950, Third Edition, Underwriters Laboratories, Inc., Dated Dec. 11, 2000.
Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment, Including Electrical Business Equipment.
- b) CAN/CSA C22.2, No. 60950, Third Edition, Canadian Standards Association, Dec. 1, 2000.
Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment, Including Electrical Business Equipment.
- c) EN 60950 : 2000, Third Edition
IEC 60950 : 1999, Third Edition
European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization(CENELEC)
EUROPEAN STANDARD for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.

7-2. EMC

- a) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHz to 40GHz. "American National Standards Institute(ANSI), 1992
- b) C.I.S.P.R "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." International Special Committee on Radio Interference.
- c) EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization.(CENELEC), 1998
(Including A1: 2000)

Product Specification

8. Packing

8-1. Designation of Lot Mark

a) Lot Mark

A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

A,B,C : SIZE(INCH)

D : YEAR

F : PANEL CODE

H : ASSEMBLY CODE

E : MONTH

G : FACTORY CODE

I,J,K,L,M : SERIAL NO.

Note

1. YEAR

Year	97	98	99	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Mark	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7

2. MONTH

Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C

3. PANEL CODE

Panel Code	P1 Factory	P2 Factory	P3 Factory	P4 Factory	P5 Factory	P6 Factory	Hydis Panel
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	H

4. FACTORY CODE

Factory Code	LPL Gumi	LPL Nanjing	Hee Sung
Mark	K	C	D

5. SERIAL NO.

Year	1 ~ 99999	100000 ~
Mark	00001 ~ 99999	A0001 ~ A9999, , Z9999

b) Location of Lot Mark

Serial NO. is printed on the label. The label is attached to the backside of the LCD module.
This is subject to change without prior notice.

8-2. Packing Form

a) Package quantity in one box : 4 pcs

b) Box Size : 1455mm X 953mm X 1015mm.

Product Specification

9. Precautions

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

9-1. Mounting Precautions

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to the module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment.
Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth.(Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front / rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

9-2. Operating Precautions

- (1) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage :
 $V = \pm 200\text{mV}$ (Over and under shoot voltage)
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.)
And in lower temperature, response time (required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimize the interference.
- (7) Please do not give any mechanical and/or acoustical impact to LCM. Otherwise, LCM can't be operated its full characteristics perfectly.
- (8) A screw which is fastened up the steels should be a machine screw.
(if not, it causes metallic foreign material and deal LCM a fatal blow)
- (9) Please do not set LCD on its edge.

Product Specification

9-3. Electrostatic Discharge Control

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

9-4. Precautions for Strong Light Exposure

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

9-5. Storage

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object.
It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

9-6. Handling Precautions for Protection Film

- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape.
When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer.
This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the bezel surface or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.



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